MoA-Based Potency Bioassays for Immunotherapy Programs Targeting the TIGIT/CD112R/CD226 Axis

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- for cancer immunotherapy due to promising preclinical results







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Assay Design

- Luciferase activity indicating T cell activation is:) induced by the T cell Receptor Activator protein that engages the TCR/CD3 complex (2) inhibited by co-engagement of TIGIT with CD112 (3) restored by TIGIT blockade, co-stimulation by CD226 engagement with CD112

Assay Design

- Luciferase activity indicating T cell activation is: (1) induced by the T cell Receptor Activator protein that engages the TCR/CD3 complex (2) inhibited by co-engagement of CD112R with CD112
- (3) restored by CD112R blockade, co-stimulation by CD226 engagement with CD155



1.2 µg/ml 8.8

7. The CD226 Bioassays Measure the Potency of CD226 **Agonist or Antagonist Antibodies**





Here we show a portfolio of MOA-based bioassays for the TIGIT/CD112R/CD226 axis that can be used for antibody screening, characterization, potency and stability studies. These bioassays provide the following:

Biologically relevant measurement of antibody MOA

- biology of T cell activation
- Consistent and reliable measure of antibody activity
- Demonstrated precision, accuracy, reproducibility, robustness
- All assays can be used as "Thaw-and-use" cell format, no cell culture required
- Functional performance suitable for development into potency and stability assays

Easy-to-implement

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• Specific immune checkpoint-regulated expression of luciferase that reflects the native

• Demonstrated ability to measure the potencies of immune checkpoint-targeted antibodies

• Rapid and convenient workflow, amenable to 96- and 384-well plates